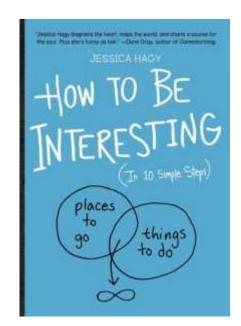


EMPLOYABILITY ATTRIBUTES REQUIRED OF SOUTH AFRICAN FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY GRADUATES.



OVERVIEW



- Introduction
- 2. Graduateness & employability
- 3. Food science & technology
- 4. Research problem & research questions
- 5. The online survey



1. INTRODUCTION



1. INTRODUCTION

- Fundamental obligation of society to prepare young adults to be <u>productive</u> members of society (Lowden, Hall, Elliot & Lewin, 2011).
- HE is one option to achieve this and must meet the <u>expectations</u> of young adults (students), parents and societal stakeholders (government, industry, professional bodies, etc.).



- General sense that graduates need to be <u>better</u>
 <u>prepared for their role in society after</u>
 <u>graduating</u> (Griesel & Parker, 2009; Litchfield et al., 2010).
 - Secure employment (or become selfemployed - shift due to economic pressures).
 - Meet expectations of employers / entrepreneurial.
 - Benefit themselves, employers and society.



 "...capable of actually <u>doing things</u> rather than reciting propositional knowledge..." (Halliday, 2004:579).

 Able to <u>adapt</u> to the rapidly changing world (Attali, 2014; Barnett, 2004).



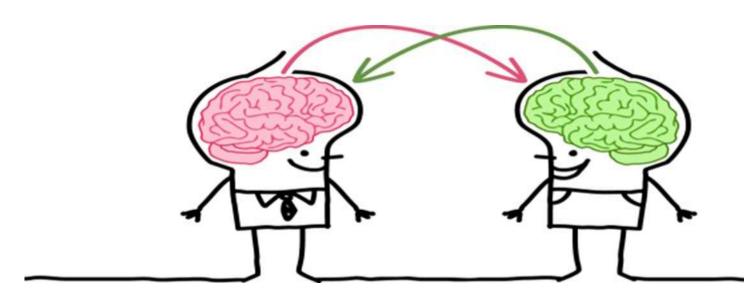
- Increasing pressure on HE to deliver graduates who are:
 - Empowered, professional, productive, flexible, employment-ready (Andrews & Higson, 2008; Errington, 2010, Halliday, 2004; Harwood, 2010; Litchfield et al., 2010 & others)
 - Meet the needs of a rapidly evolving modern workplace (Attali, 2014; Barnett, 2009).

 In SA graduates have "...inadequate skill levels & poor work readiness..." (DHET, National Skills Dev. Strategy, 2011a:3).

Personal perspective...



2. GRADUATENESS & EMPLOYABILITY





GRADUATENESS & EMPLOYABILITY

- Difficult concepts to define & much debated (Andrews & Higson, 2008; Lowden et al., 2011).
- To some → closely related
- To others → outcomes of the binary system of HE with:
 - Graduateness being a product of traditional education.
 - Employability a product of vocational & professional education.

(Gowdy, 1994; Harvey, 2004; Teichler, 2003)

GRADUATENESS &/OR EMPLOYABILITY

GRADUATENESS

- Individual growth & transformation (Harwood, 2010; Hazelkorn, 2013).
- Broad academic cultivation with focus on adaptability (Steur, Jansen & Hofman, 2012).
- Scholarship through research, reading & inquiry (Barnett, 2004).
- Skills to learn better & ability to construct knowledge (Ashworth et al., 2004).

EMPLOYABILITY

- Emphasis on immediate competence in the workplace, empowered, professional, productive, employment ready &/or time to gain employment & resource for economic growth (Andrews & Higson, 2008; Halliday, 2004).
- Focus on **practice** (Harwood, 2010).
- Essential academic knowledge & skills to be productive (Halliday, 2004).

WORKING DEFINITIONS FOR THIS STUDY

EMPLOYABILTY

GRADUATENESS

- a. Transformation human qualities & ontological dispositions (Barnett, 2004).
- b. Intellectual development (Steur et al., 2012)

EMPLOYABILITY

- c. Academic-, discipline- &/or vocational-specific knowledge, expertise & skills.
- d. Generic transferable skills.
- e. Human dispositions & qualities including personality traits & learned behavior.



GRADUATE &/OR DIPLOMATE

GRADUATE

- Product of academic and/or professional degree programmes.
- Undergraduate qualifications including "...certificate, diploma and degree studies to honours qualifications, excluding Masters and PhD qualifications" (Griesel & Parker, 2009).

DIPLOMATE

Product of vocational and/or professional diploma programmes.



WORKING DEFINITIONS FOR THIS STUDY

Graduate

Undergraduate diploma & degree programmes including: B. Tech., excluding Honours, Masters and Doctoral qualifications.

- In line with more current trends of seeing science & technology as moving closer to each other rather than being two distinct ways of "knowing" (Chen & Stroup, 1993:447).
- Nature of 'graduateness' is changing to keep pace with the knowledge society (Griesel & Parker, 2009).

Graduates must be holistic & well-rounded (employability encompassing graduateness) to be of optimal benefit to society & must be capable to continuously develop (Archer & Davidson, 2008; Attali, 2014; Barnett, 2004, Barnett, 2009; Hazelkorn, 2013; Quinlan, 2012).



 To achieve the desired outcomes, HE requires a coherent framework (Chen & Stroup, 1993).

Generic, key, core skills & competencies (EMPLOYMENT SKILLS)

PERSONAL QUALITIES, ATTRIBUTES, DISPOSITIONS

GRADUATE

Intellectual skills & 'learning to be'

(GRADUATENESS)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC knowledge, practices & skills



3 FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY



FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

- Food science complex, multi-disciplinary (engineering, biological & physical science) studying the nature of foods (deterioration, processing, improvement, availability, variety, etc.)
- Food technology application of food science
- In reality terms used interchangeably (IFT, 2011).

FST GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES - INTERNATIONAL

- IFT guidelines (2011) based in Chicago in USA
 - Administrative & physical requirements
 - Curricular standards (foundation modules)
 - Core competencies
 - "Success skills" which are "generally recognised generic graduate attributes"
- Track_Fast project "most desirable knowledge, skills & competencies" for FST in the EU (Flynn et al., 2012)
- IUFoST (Canada) Core competencies?
- Philippines legislated minimum competencies

SA CONTEXT OF THE STUDY:

Food Science

- 'Traditional' science degree
- BSc, BSc Hons. (or 4 yr. professional degrees), MSc, PhD.
- No re-alignment to new HEQSF required
- Departments:
 - UP
 - SUN
 - Venda
 - UFS
 - UNISA

Food Technology

- 'Vocationally-oriented' diploma with compulsory WIL.
- Existing: Diploma, B. Tech.,
 M. Tech., D. Tech.
- Re-aligned to new HEQSF required (DHET, 2012a)
- Departments:
 - TUT
 - CPUT
 - DUT
 - UJ
 - CUT



4. BACKGROUND TO THE RESEARCH PROBLEM

 Currently there has been <u>no formal research</u> into the expected and required graduate attributes for FST within SA.

 Subsequently not possible to ascertain if the requirements of SA stakeholders are being adequately met.



MAIN RESEARCH QUESTION

Are food science and technology graduates of higher education being adequately prepared to meet the requirements of SA societal stakeholders?



RESEARCH SUB-QUESTIONS

- 1. What are the **required graduate attributes** of SA FST in order to meet the expectations of societal stakeholders?
- 2. To what extent do **FST students perceive** to have achieved the aforementioned graduate attributes on the completion of their studies?
- 3. To what extent do recently qualified & employed FST graduates meet the aforementioned graduate attributes as perceived by graduates & their employers?
- 4. How does **WIL contribute** to achieving the aforementioned graduate attributes?

RESEARCH DESIGN & METHODS cont.

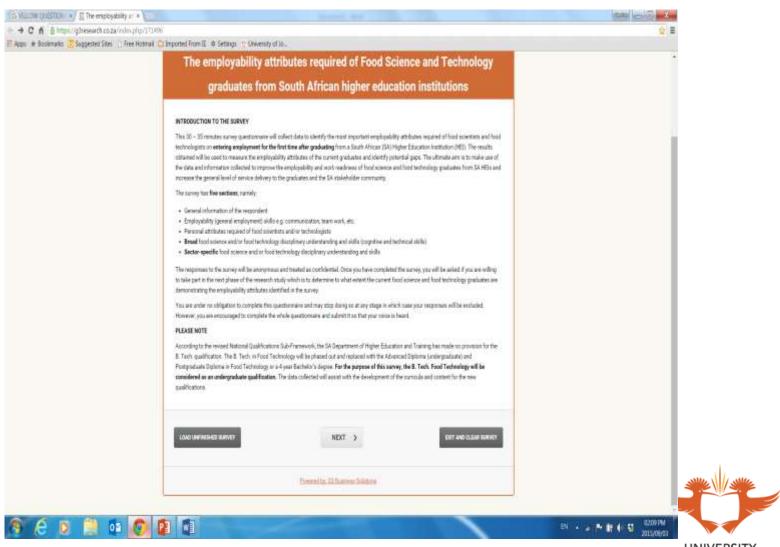
Research sub-question 1:

What are the expected & required FST graduate attributes in order to meet the expectations of SA societal stakeholders HE?

- Literature review (ATLAS.ti)
- Develop survey questions
- Workshop survey questions key stakeholder focus group
- Pilot
- Electronic survey (CURRENT)
- Analyse and integrate data dictate questionnaire/s of phase 2



THE ONLINE SURVEY



THE ONLINE SURVEY

SIX SECTIONS:

- 1. Who are **YOU**?
- 2. EMPLOYABILITY skills
- Personal qualities, attributes, dispositions & intellectual skills (GRADUATENESS)
- 4. Food science &/or technology SPECIFIC DISCIPLINARY UNDERSTANDING AND SKILLS
- SECTOR-SPECIFIC food science &/or technology requirements
- 6. GENERAL



PRELIMINARY SURVEY DATA ANALYSIS INDICATES:

Live reporting 03 Sept @ 14:12

- Incomplete responses = 133 (44%)
- Complete responses = 169 (56%)
- Total = 302

Reasons:

 Long, complex, exit without submitting, decide its not for them...







EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

- 1.General employability (reading, numeracy & mathematics, computer literacy...)
- ✓ Effective reading 5.48/6...
- ✓ Numeracy **5.27**/6

2. Communication skills

✓ Recording & reporting 5.59/6

- ✓ Listening skills 5.42/6
- ✓ Sensitivity to cultural, political, disability & gender issues...

4.90/6





EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

- 3. Leadership & management skills
- ✓ Effective time management 5.60/6******
- ✓ Entrepreneurial skills 4.90/6
- 4. Diversity management skills
- ✓ Generally lower scores
- ✓ Considerate of concerns & positions of different ethnic, social & gender groups 4.98/6
- ✓ Being politically sensitive 4.38/6

PERSONAL QUALITIES, ATTRIBUTES, DISPOSITIONS & INTELLECTUAL SKILLS (GRADUATENESS)

- Paying attention to doing things properly 5.56/6
- Accountable & responsible 5.49/6
- Intellectual curiosity 5.43/6
- Likeability 4.49/6





DISCIPLINARY UNDERSTANDING & SKILLS

 Ranking of fundamental academic & professional understanding, skills & competencies for food scientists &/or technologists.

Food Scientist	Other	Food Technologist	Other
Food safety & quality management	Food chemistry	Food safety & quality management	Food safety & quality management
Food chemistry	Food safety & quality management	Food processing	Food microbiology, general microbiology
Food processing	Food regulation & control	Food regulation & control	Applied food science & technology

GENERAL

- In your understanding, differentiate between a food scientist and food technologist and what each should be able to do when entering work for the first time after graduating.
- "Food scientist apply science behind the application / Food technologist - apply the skill within the factory"
- "Food scientists theoretical research / Tecnologists more hands on involment in food industry"



GENERAL

- "Food technologist is an individual who has been taught theory followed by the various practical training sessions at the study institution. The 1 year practical in-service training is invaluable and instrument to the qualified food technologist entering the working world. I am not too familiar with the curriculum of a food scientist and therefore cannot make the associated comments"
- "Food scientist should have a broader and in depth knowledge while being able to solve more complex problems. Technologist should have more practical experience and be able to apply learning to practical situation."



A SPECIAL THANKS TO MY SUPERVISORS:

PROF. G. J. JACOBS (UJ),

PROF. C. M. FOURIE (UJ)

PROF. AMANDA MINNAR (UP)



THANK YOU!

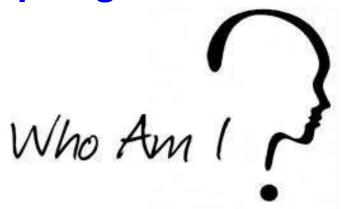
DISCUSSION, COMMENTS & QUESTIONS





Reminder....

https://g3research.co.za/index.php/171496



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